

成都市 2017 级高中毕业班第一次诊断性检测

英 语

本试卷分选择题和非选择题两部分。第 I 卷(选择题)1 至 8 页,第 II 卷(非选择题)9 至 10 页,共 10 页,满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。

注意事项:

1. 答题前,务必将自己的姓名、考籍号填写在答题卡规定的位置上。
2. 答选择题时,必须使用 2B 铅笔将答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑,如需改动,用橡皮擦擦干净后,再选涂其它答案标号。
3. 答非选择题时,必须使用 0.5 毫米黑色笔迹的签字笔,将答案书写在答题卡规定的位置上。
4. 所有题目必须在答题卡上作答,在试题卷上答题无效。
5. 考试结束后,只将答题卡交回。

第 I 卷 (100 分)

第一部分 听力 (共两节,满分 30 分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Who will travel with David next weekend?
A. Dianna. B. Flora. C. Lucy.
2. What are the two speakers talking about?
A. Fiction. B. Homework. C. Relaxation.
3. What's the possible relationship between the speakers?
A. Teacher and student. B. Mother and son. C. Classmates.
4. Why do people make mistakes?
A. They are careless. B. They are misled. C. They have poor eyesight.
5. Where does this conversation probably take place?
A. In the library. B. In the coffee shop. C. In the town square.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟。听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

英语“一诊”考试题 第 1 页(共 10 页)

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. Why did the man give up the blue sweater?
A. It is too ugly. B. It is too expensive. C. It is too big.
7. How much will the man pay?
A. \$40. B. \$35. C. \$28.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 9 题。

8. What drink did the man order?
A. Orange juice. B. Coke. C. Milk.
9. Where is most probably the man?
A. At the front desk. B. In a restaurant. C. In a hotel room.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. Why is the woman in a hurry?
A. To buy some tickets. B. To add oil for her car. C. To book hotel rooms.
11. What will the man do during the weekend?
A. Take a trip. B. Visit friends. C. Stay at home.
12. Where will the woman go first?
A. The bus station. B. The dormitory. C. The parking lot.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. What did the woman think of the architects' work before getting married?
A. Creative. B. Well-paid. C. Meaningful.
14. Who is the man?
A. The woman's colleague. B. The woman's husband. C. The woman's boss.
15. What do we know about the man?
A. He has a busy schedule.
B. He doesn't like his manager.
C. He has lost interest in his work.

16. What does the woman advise the man to do?
A. Take exercise. B. Have lunch. C. Drink tea.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What is the starting place of the speaker's journey?
A. Edinburgh. B. London. C. Paris.
18. What did the speaker buy in Paris?
A. Nothing. B. Postcards. C. A computer.
19. Why does the speaker want to eat spaghetti?
A. It is cheap. B. It is strange. C. It is delicious.
20. Who is the speaker talking to?
A. The speaker's teacher. B. The speaker's friend. C. The speaker's family.

英语“一诊”考试题 第 2 页(共 10 页)

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分40分)

第一节(共15小题;每小题2分,满分30分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中,选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Q1: When does the 2020 Virgin Money London Marathon take place?

A: The 2020 Virgin Money London Marathon takes place on Sunday 26 April.

Q2: I have moved. How do I let you know my change of address?

A: Please email changeofaddress@londonmarathonevents.co.uk with your name, date of birth, telephone number, old address and your new address.

Q3: I need a hotel in London for the weekend of the race — any advice?

A: Virgin Money London Marathon hotel packages are available at Holiday Inn® and other IHG® hotels in and around London, and include a champion's breakfast and coach transfer to the Start Line so you arrive rested and ready to run your victory lap. Visit www.restandrun.holidayinn.com to find out more.

Q4: I am a visually disabled runner. Where can I find out more about running with a guide?

A: If you are a runner with a visual disability and would like to find out more about running with a guide, please contact disability@londonmarathonevents.co.uk.

Q5: What time does the race start?

A: Start times for the 2020 Virgin Money London Marathon are as follows:

09:05 — Elite Wheelchair Races

09:10 — World Para Athletics Marathon Championships Ambulant Athletes

09:25 — The Elite Women's Race

10:10 — The Elite Men's Race, British Athletics & England Athletics Marathon Championships and Mass Race

Q6: What time do I need to get to the Start?

A: We suggest you get to your Start at least one hour before the race begins. This will allow time for you to use the facilities, warm up and take your position.

Q7: Can I track a runner during the race?

A: Yes. On Race Day, there will be a link to our tracking service on the home page of www.virginmoneylondonmarathon.com. The best way to track a runner is by using the runner's running number. If you do not have the running number, it is also possible to search for a runner by surname.

21. Which address should you contact if you need to run with a guide?

A. www.restandrun.holidayinn.com.

B. disability@londonmarathonevents.co.uk.

C. www.virginmoneylondonmarathon.com.

D. changeofaddress@londonmarathonevents.co.uk.

22. If Ann attends the Elite Women's Race, what's the best time to get to the Start?

A. 08:20.

B. 09:05.

C. 09:10.

D. 09:25.

23. How can we track a runner during the race?

A. With the address.

B. With the running number.

C. With the first name.

D. With the telephone number.

B

Han Tianheng picked up a carving knife at the age of 6 and never put it down. Today, the 79-year-old artist, one of China's most respected living masters of seal carving(印章雕刻), calligraphy and Chinese painting, still remembers the incident — the first time he held a knife in his hand.

"I cut my thumb badly and was horrified by the bloody sight," he said, adding that his mother applied ashes because she couldn't afford to take him to a hospital. "The cut left a scar, which is still clear today."

An eye for an eye and blood for blood, the incident didn't set him back. Instead, it aroused his passion for the ancient art form. He was determined to pursue a path that would lead to a career in seal carving. Han said,

The journey of art exploration was a little bumpy for the young man in his quest for excellence, and his seal works were harshly criticized by a famous old painter.

Most would have crumbled under the criticism, not Han. It made him even more determined. After six months' hard work, he visited the painter again.

"This time, he asked me to carve a seal for him. This was positive affirmation," Han said. "Praise and criticism are what an artist should learn to handle all his life. Praise is candy and criticism is medicine. We can live without candy, but cannot live without medicine when ill."

Han rose to fame during the early 1960s famous for bird and insect seal art. Han's seals are an essential ending part on the paintings of a long list of well-established artists.

"A seal for a good painting is like the buttons for an haute couture(高档女子时装). An experienced tailor always knows how to choose buttons that matches the whole style," Han said.

His seals are full of variety — grand and solemn for Liu Haisu's paintings, light and vivid for Lu Yanshao's, graceful and gentle for Xie Zhiliu's.

"A good seal carver should keep his own style, and at the same time go well with the painting's style," he said.

24. What influence did the incident have on Han when he was six?

A. He got injured very seriously.

B. He learned how to use a knife.

C. It aroused his interest in seal carving.

D. It helped him learn how hard life was.

25. Which best describes Han's journey of art exploration?

A. Smooth and fruitful.

B. Inspiring and lucky.

C. Boring but worthwhile.

D. Tough but rewarding.

26. In Han's opinion, what do an experienced tailor and a good seal carver share?

A. The huge respect they earn.

B. The flexibility they display at work.

C. The targeted customers they serve.

D. The efforts they have to make to succeed.

27. In which section of a newspaper does this text most probably appear?
A. Education. B. Events. C. Entertainment. D. People.

C

"Ma uka, ma uka ka ua, Ma kai, ma kai ka ua." So sing the children at a kindergarten on the Island of Hawaii. The song is much like "Rain, rain, go away" nursery rhyme, but it has an unusual power: it is one of the tools that have revived a near-dead language.

The decline of Hawaiian was not, as is the case with most disappearing languages, a natural death caused by migration(迁徙) and mass media. In 1896, after American business interests ended the Hawaiian original political system, schools were banned from using it. By the late 20th century, apart from a couple of hundred people on one tiny island, English had replaced Hawaiian and only the old spoke it to each other.

The civil-rights movement brought a revival of interest among the young, centred on the University of Hawaii at Hilo. Larry Kimura, a professor there, was not satisfied that the language should be only a subject at college; he and his students wanted to bring it back to life. The idea for how to do that came from a visiting Maori, who suggested "language nests", which had successfully revived New Zealand's native language.

In 1985, when educating children in Hawaiian was still banned, Kauanoe Kamana and her husband Pila Wilson, both students of Kimura's, created the first "language nest" at Hilo. Neither was a native speaker, but both were determined to bring up their children as such. They gathered a small group of children, including their own son and daughter, and elderly native speakers.

The movement grew: there are now 12 kindergartens and 23 schools involved. The number of children being educated in Hawaiian has risen from 1,877 in 2008 to 3,028 in 2018. Along with Japanese, Hawaiian is the non-English language most commonly spoken among children.

28. What makes the decline of Hawaiian different from other disappearing languages?

- A. The number of its users.
B. The language features it bears.
C. People's unwillingness to use it.
D. The unfair treatment it received.

29. What has been done to save Hawaiian?

- A. More schools have been set up.
B. More people are persuaded to stay.
C. More children are exposed to Hawaiian.
D. Government promotes the use of Hawaiian.

30. How does the author feel about the present situation of Hawaiian?

- A. Relieved. B. Curious.
C. Anxious. D. Doubtful.

31. What is the best title for the text?

- A. The Revival of Hawaiian B. The Future of Hawaiian
C. The History of Hawaiian D. The Development of Hawaiian

D

This morning we're going to head off down into the wetland, into a very specific kind of wetland called the Prairie fen.

You can find Nate Fuller counting butterflies. The Sarett Nature Center needs an accurate count of Mitchell's satyr butterflies to help preserve one of their last known habitats. They're very particular about the kind of habitat where they can live, which is part of what makes them so rare and amazing indicators for our water quality. Today, Sarett expert Ashley Cole-Wick with Michigan's Natural Features Inventory helps Fuller count. She says "When I first started working on the butterfly in 2013, we had 18 populations and this year in 2019, we have 10."

The Mitchell Seder went on the endangered species list in 1991. Initially it was thought that loss of wetlands contributed to their decline. Fuller says "It's not just habitat availability. Its groundwater and the amount in the quality of groundwater coming into these wetlands seem to be a challenge for the butterfly. Nothing has all been sorted out exactly." While the decline is likely a combination of factors, the fact that water quality might contribute is alarming because the wetlands are the headwaters for the Midwest's rivers and streams.

A captive breeding (人工繁殖) program was started four years ago at the Toledo Zoo to help get to the bottom of the mystery. Today Director Ryan Walsh who heads the program says it's been the only successful captive program. The caterpillars(毛毛虫) spend the winter in a special weather control room that help determine the Mitchell satyrs don't do well below 4.4 degrees Celsius, a temperature that prevents the Fen wetlands from the hard freezes which kill the insects. With that knowledge, the program produced 1300 new eggs this summer, a development that may go a long way toward restoring the population. And if all goes well, may one day the Mitchell satyr butterfly earn a ticket off Endangered Species List.

32. What are the indicators for the water quality?

- A. The habitats. B. The butterflies.
C. The wetlands. D. The experts.

33. What is the main idea of the third paragraph?

- A. The importance of water quality.
B. Actions taken to protect the butterflies.
C. The reasons why the butterflies decline.
D. The natural conditions for the butterflies.

34. What does the underlined word "restoring" in Paragraph 4 most probably mean?

- A. Preserving. B. Increasing.
C. Recovering. D. Controlling.

35. What can we learn about the butterfly?

- A. It can easily be found. B. It is not endangered now.
C. It will die above 4.4 degree Celsius. D. It can be bred by humans.

第二节(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,选项中有两项为多余选项。

A grateful heart is a satisfied heart. A satisfied heart is a simple heart which leads to a simplified life. Gratitude opens the door to simplicity. But we live in a culture that addresses dissatisfaction. 36

Intentionally choose it. Gratitude will never be a result of your next purchase, success, or accomplishment. 37 And you will never find it in life until you intentionally decide to choose it.

Count your blessings. A new day, a warm bed, a unique personality, or a special talent... 38 Gratitude quickly sets in when we begin to spend a quiet moment each day remembering them. This practice alone has the potential to change your heart and life immeasurably.

39 Almost half the world live on less than \$2.50 a day. 1.1 billion people have inadequate access to clean water. Let those facts sink in for just a moment and slowly allow gratitude and a desire to become part of the solution to take their place.

Find gratitude in difficulty. 40 It can be more difficult during the trials of life: death, disease, or failure. The truth is that no one is exempt(豁免) from the sufferings. However, good can be found even in the worst of times. Being grateful during those difficulties may get you through them.

In daily life we must see it is not happiness that makes us grateful, but gratefulness that makes us happy.

- A. Ignore what you don't have.
B. We can learn how to be grateful.
C. Open your eyes to those with less.
D. Gratitude is available in your heart right now.
E. You have wonderful things in your life already.
F. It's easy to be grateful when things are going well.
G. How can we find gratitude in a world that seeks to destroy it?

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

第一节 完形填空(共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Jim McGee was an American Air Force pilot. One day after he retired, he found himself 41 and then was told by the doctor that his kidneys(肾) were gone.

Jim, 69, 42 started dialysis(化疗), which didn't work well. The doctor said the transplant(移植) was a long-shot alternative. However, after several months' searching, no suitable 43 was found. Jim was so 44 that, in early 2018, he even 45 not attending a reunion of some Air Force companions in Monterey, California. Finally, with Shirley's 46, he decided to go, and that turned out to be a life-changing 47.

In California, Jim 48 with six fellow airmen, including one he hadn't seen in nearly 50 years: Doug Coffman. Jim told them about his 49. "I asked him what his blood type is, and it 50 to be mine," says Doug. "I was immediately thinking, 'Gosh, I might be able to 51.'"

Doug, then 70, was healthy and energetic. 52, when he told Shirley that he wanted to donate a kidney to her husband, she worried that he might be too 53. But Doug really wanted to help and 54 to have a try. He sent his 55 records to where Jim was treated and soon he was asked to take a series of physical examinations. 56, the result showed that he was a perfect match.

The doctors gave him the OK to 57, and the surgery was a success. "It's pretty amazing to be able to take a(n) 58 organ out of one person's body, put it in another person's body, and have it 59," Doug says. "And there's nothing 60 than helping another person live a better life."

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 41. A. depressed | B. exhausted | C. nervous | D. upset |
| 42. A. immediately | B. suddenly | C. happily | D. simply |
| 43. A. doctor | B. hospital | C. plan | D. match |
| 44. A. stubborn | B. angry | C. discouraged | D. confused |
| 45. A. suggested | B. regretted | C. forgot | D. considered |
| 46. A. permission | B. recommendation | C. invitation | D. encouragement |
| 47. A. support | B. decision | C. reunion | D. success |
| 48. A. reunited | B. cooperated | C. connected | D. discussed |
| 49. A. idea | B. achievement | C. situation | D. ambition |
| 50. A. tends | B. needs | C. seems | D. happens |
| 51. A. come | B. help | C. change | D. participate |
| 52. A. Therefore | B. Besides | C. However | D. Meanwhile |
| 53. A. old | B. far | C. thin | D. kind |
| 54. A. refused | B. determined | C. hesitated | D. promised |
| 55. A. medical | B. military | C. service | D. consuming |
| 56. A. Hopefully | B. Honestly | C. Obviously | D. Luckily |
| 57. A. remove | B. operate | C. donate | D. return |
| 58. A. living | B. precious | C. extra | D. special |
| 59. A. grow | B. move | C. pause | D. work |
| 60. A. stranger | B. finer | C. funnier | D. harder |

第II卷 (50分)

注意事项:用0.5毫米黑色笔迹的签字笔将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。

第三部分 语言知识运用

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

For some in China, the aim of travel is to create 15-second videos. It's not about where you've been, but about where you're seen to have been.

Situated on cliffs above a river, Hongyadong is a stilt-house complex in 61 city of Chongqing. The bars, restaurants and golden neon lights 62 (be) a popular draw since it was built in 2006. Last year the number of visitors increased 63 (sharp).

The main reason, it seemed, was Hongyadong's sudden popularity on a social-media app, Douyin, 64 aim is not to produce a well-crafted video or beautiful photograph, but simply 65 (show) that you have also been to the popular places. The beauty of the 66 (attract) is less important than the fact that people are flocking there to daka.

A subculture has developed of young people who embrace daka as a lifestyle. So-called Daka Zu—"daka tribes"—can 67 (find) roaming various scenic spots, 68 (check) in at as many hot locations as possible within a single day.

The daka craze may have 69 (practice) origins. China's young urban professionals don't have so much free time. Sometimes, they need to work overtime. So they have to make the most of their 70 (limit) leisure time. Douyin captures the mood with its slogan: "Make every second count."

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分35分)

第一节 短文改错(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及修改均仅限一词。

2. 只允许修改10处,多者(从第11处起)不计分。

Last summer I decided to get my first job. This was possible one of the hardest tasks.

For me, it was another step moved from a dependent child to a fairly independent adult. I had never hold a job before because of my parents wanted me to focus on school. So I had never worked the day in my life. At first, it is extremely tough. I sent applications hoping to get my first couple of choice. Yet I got neither calls or emails. Luckily halfway through the third week, I finally got a call. It was not my first choice, but we could not say no. And after the interview, I was more than ready start working the following Monday.

第二节 书面表达(满分25分)

假如你是校汉服(Han costume)俱乐部主席李华。近期俱乐部将举办一场有外国交换生参加的汉服设计大赛,你将代表主办方在开幕式上发言。请根据以下要点写一篇发言稿:

1. 大赛目的;
2. 大赛规则;
3. 对选手的祝福。

注意:

1. 词数100左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

成都市2017级高中毕业班第一次诊断性检测
英语答题卡

姓名		座位号	
考籍号			

贴条形码区
(正面朝上切勿贴出虚线框外)

考生禁填 缺考标记 <input type="checkbox"/>	注意 事项
缺考考生由监考员贴条形码，并用2B铅笔填涂上面的缺考标记。	1.答题前，考生务必先认真核对条形码上的姓名、考籍号和座位号，无误后将本人姓名、考籍号和座位号填写在相应位置，同时将背面左上角相应的座位号涂黑。 2.选择题填涂时，必须使用2B铅笔按 图示规范填涂；非选择题必须使用0.5毫米的黑色墨迹签字笔作答。 3.必须在题目所指示的答题区域内作答，超出答题区域的答案无效，在草稿纸、试题卷上答题无效。 4.保持答题卡清洁、完整，严禁折叠，严禁使用涂改液和修正带。

第I卷 (须用2B铅笔填涂)	填涂样例	错误填涂	正确填涂	
1 [A] [B] [C]	6 [A] [B] [C]	11 [A] [B] [C]	16 [A] [B] [C]	21 [A] [B] [C] [D]
2 [A] [B] [C]	7 [A] [B] [C]	12 [A] [B] [C]	17 [A] [B] [C]	22 [A] [B] [C] [D]
3 [A] [B] [C]	8 [A] [B] [C]	13 [A] [B] [C]	18 [A] [B] [C]	23 [A] [B] [C] [D]
4 [A] [B] [C]	9 [A] [B] [C]	14 [A] [B] [C]	19 [A] [B] [C]	24 [A] [B] [C] [D]
5 [A] [B] [C]	10 [A] [B] [C]	15 [A] [B] [C]	20 [A] [B] [C]	25 [A] [B] [C] [D]
26 [A] [B] [C] [D]	31 [A] [B] [C] [D]	36 [A] [B] [C] [D] [E] [F] [G]	41 [A] [B] [C] [D]	
27 [A] [B] [C] [D]	32 [A] [B] [C] [D]	37 [A] [B] [C] [D] [E] [F] [G]	42 [A] [B] [C] [D]	
28 [A] [B] [C] [D]	33 [A] [B] [C] [D]	38 [A] [B] [C] [D] [E] [F] [G]	43 [A] [B] [C] [D]	
29 [A] [B] [C] [D]	34 [A] [B] [C] [D]	39 [A] [B] [C] [D] [E] [F] [G]	44 [A] [B] [C] [D]	
30 [A] [B] [C] [D]	35 [A] [B] [C] [D]	40 [A] [B] [C] [D] [E] [F] [G]	45 [A] [B] [C] [D]	
46 [A] [B] [C] [D]	51 [A] [B] [C] [D]	56 [A] [B] [C] [D]		
47 [A] [B] [C] [D]	52 [A] [B] [C] [D]	57 [A] [B] [C] [D]		
48 [A] [B] [C] [D]	53 [A] [B] [C] [D]	58 [A] [B] [C] [D]		
49 [A] [B] [C] [D]	54 [A] [B] [C] [D]	59 [A] [B] [C] [D]		
50 [A] [B] [C] [D]	55 [A] [B] [C] [D]	60 [A] [B] [C] [D]		

第II卷 (须用0.5毫米的黑色字迹中性笔书写)

第三部分第二节

61. _____ 62. _____ 63. _____ 64. _____

65. _____ 66. _____ 67. _____ 68. _____

69. _____ 70. _____

第四部分第一节

Last summer I decided to get my first job. This was possible one of the hardest tasks.

For me, it was another step moved from a dependent child to a fairly independent adult. I had never hold a job before because of my parents wanted me to focus on school. So I had never worked the day in my life. At first, it is extremely tough. I sent applications hoping to get my first couple of choice. Yet I got neither calls or emails. Luckily halfway through the third week, I finally got a call. It was not my first choice, but we could not say no. And after the interview, I was more than ready start working the following Monday.

请在各题目的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域的答案无效

座位号	[01]	[02]	[03]	[04]	[05]	[06]	[07]	[08]	[09]	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]	[14]	[15]
(请用2B铅笔填涂)	[16]	[17]	[18]	[19]	[20]	[21]	[22]	[23]	[24]	[25]	[26]	[27]	[28]	[29]	[30]

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第四部分第二节 书面表达

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